

Hyperauttomation vs. Automation - The Difference

Automation

Automation involves using technology, like software or hardware, to carry out tasks with minimal human involvement, a key element in streamlining business processes for its advantages like faster execution, fewer errors, & cost-efficiency. Historically, automation was mainly applied to repetitive, rule-driven activities.

Example: Data Entry, Invoice Processing

Hyperautomation

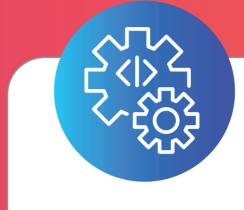
Hyperautomation approach is the evolution of automation, integrating advanced technologies like artificial intelligence (AI), machine learning (ML), and robotic process automation (RPA) to enhance and streamline business operations. It extends beyond routine, rule-based tasks, effectively managing intricate, full-cycle processes.

Example: Fraud Detection

Key Features



Automation



Hyperautomation

- 1. Rule Based
- 2. Single Task Focus
- 3. Limited Cognitive Capabilities
- 1. Cognitive Abilities
- 2. End-to-End Automation
- 3. Data Driven Insights
- 4. Scalability

Hyperautomation vs. Automation - The Difference

Scope & Complexity	Typically applied to rule based repetitive tasks and use technology to perform specific tasks without human intervention.	An advanced and comprehensive approach that involves the use of combination of technologies like RPA, AI, and process orchestration to automate repetitive & complex tasks.
Integration & Orchestration	Limited to a single task or a single software application.	Create seamless end-to-end process with multiple software systems, databases, and APIs to streamline business workflows.
Decision Making Capabilities	Typically follows predefined rules and instructions and lacks the ability to make complex decisions or adapt to changing conditions.	Leverages AI and machine learning to enable decision-making capabilities. It can analyze data, learn from historical patterns, and make intelligent choices.
Scalability & Flexibility	Require manual adjustments when processes change, and may not actively seek opportunities for improvement.	Designed for continuous improvement and can identify inefficiencies, bottlenecks, and opportunities for improvements automatically.
Holistic Approach	Basically used on case-to–case basis to address specific tasks or challenges.	Adopt a comprehensive strategy to enhance business processes and concentrate on optimizing complete operational sequences.

When to use Automation vs. Hyperautomation?

Automation

- 1. Dealing with routine tasks
- 2. Need quick, efficient, and error free task completion
- 3. Process doesn't require complex decision making

Hyperautomation

- 1. Performing end-to-end process with multiple interconnected tasks
- 2. Handle complex decision making based on data
- 3. Aiming for holistic digital transformation

Why Choose AutomationEdge's Hyperautomation Platform?



Communication Mining

Ticket Resolutions/Emails & Others Mine context from communication messages and transform them into actionable data



Data Analytics

Drive insights to improve business performance and customer experience



API Cloud

Ready Workflows

the needs of the banking

Single platform to make its data and functionality available for other programs to use

Ready-to-use automation solutions

that are specifically designed to meet



DP

Ticket Resolutions/Emails & others Superfast document processing to cut time-to-market up to 70%

Conversational AI

Create an intelligent way of offering a customer experience to mimic conversations with real people using Al



Low-Code/No-Code Platform

Integrated development environment with built-in APIs, reusable plug-in modules and graphical



Automation

RPA/AI/Interlligent Automation Create a seamless employee experience with the help of robot automation